

Glossary

F.5. Urinary Pathophysiology

nephrolithiasis	Formation and presence of kidney stones in the kidney
urolithiasis	Presence of kidney stones outside the kidneys, such as in the ureters, the bladder or the urethra
haematuria	When there is blood in the urine
lithotripsy	Application of shock waves, through the skin into the belly, to disintegrate kidney stones
dysuria	Pain during micturition, possibly caused by a urethral obstruction such as a prostate enlargement
TURP	Trans Urethral Resection Prostate, removal of parts of an enlarged prostate through the urethra with a catheter knife
Haemodialysis	Filtering of blood in an external machine to remove accumulated toxins in the blood through a semi-permeable membrane
Peritoneal dialysis	Filtering of blood and removal of accumulated toxins using the patient's peritoneum as the semipermeable membrane